Destruction of Antipersonnel Mines in Mined Areas

DENMARK 2009

CROATIA 2009

SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO 2014

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA 2009

MACEDONIA FYR 2009

ALBANIA 2010

TURKEY 2014

GREECE 2014

CYPRUS 2013

TUNISIA 2010

ALGERIA 2012

JORDAN 2009

TAJIKISTAN 2010

AFGHANISTAN 2013

MAURITANIA 2011

SENEGAL 2009

GUINEA-BISSAU 2011

NIGER 2009

CHAD 2009

SUDAN 2014

ERITREA 2012

YEMEN 2009

FRANCE (DJIBOUTI) 2009

ETHIOPIA 2015

UGANDA 2009

RWANDA 2010

BURUNDI 2014

REP. OF CONGO 2011

DEM. REP. OF CONGO 2012

ANGOLA 2013

ZAMBIA 2011

MALAWI 2009

MOZAMBIQUE 2009

ZIMBABWE 2009

SWAZILAND 2009

THAILAND 2009

CAMBODIA 2010

GUATEMALA 2009

NICARAGUA 2009

VENEZUELA 2009

COLOMBIA 2011

SURINAME 2012

ECUADOR 2009

PERU 2009

CHILE 2012

UNITED KINGDOM (Falklands) 2009

ARGENTINA (Malvinas) 2010

47 self-declared mine-affected States Parties face a deadline to destroy all antipersonnel mines in mined areas under their juridiction or control.

2009 22 of these States Parties face their treaty-mandated deadline in 2009.

STATES PARTIES (Signed and Ratified or Acceded).

Signatories (Signed but not Ratified).

Non-Signatories (Not yet Acceded).

The following States Parties have not declared mined areas under their juridiction or control, but Landmine Monitor identifies them as affected by mines and/or UXO: Bangladesh, Belarus, Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Liberia, Moldova, Namibia, Philippines and Sierra Leone.

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