

**LANDMINE MONITOR FACT SHEET****Mines Retained for Training and Research (Article 3)**

Prepared by Human Rights Watch

**Key Developments for Calendar Year 2007**

- 50 States Parties have declared a total of more than 211,000 antipersonnel mines as retained for calendar year 2007 (as of 29 May 2008). Over 13,000 retained mines were destroyed in 2007, as reported by the States Parties that have submitted transparency reports. See Chart 1 below for details.
  - Ethiopia joined this list in May 2008 by submitting its initial transparency report and indicating that it retains 303 antipersonnel mines for training purposes.
  - Indonesia joined the list in January 2008 as it submitted its initial report and announced the retention of 4,978 mines.
  - Botswana and Iraq have indicated the intent to retain mines but have not provided details on the quantities, types, or purposes.
- 19 States Parties, who previously declared retained mines, have not submitted an annual transparency report for calendar year 2007, which was due by 30 April 2008 (as of 25 May 2008). See Chart 2 below.
- It is not known if five States Parties intend to retain mines for training and research. Cape Verde, Equatorial Guinea, and Haiti are late in submitting transparency reports. The deadline for Kuwait and Palau to submit initial reports is later in 2008.
- 82 States Parties do not retain antipersonnel mines for training and research purposes.
  - Sao Tome and Principe has joined this group as it indicated that it possessed no retained mines.
  - 24 of these states have declared stockpiles in the past and chose not to retain mines further.
  - New to this latter group are Suriname and Tajikistan, who have destroyed stockpiles originally retained for testing and research purposes.
- Only 15 States Parties made use of the expanded voluntary Form D to report on the intended purposes and actual uses of mines retained: Afghanistan, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Croatia, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Indonesia, Japan, Latvia, Peru, Rwanda, Tajikistan, and the United Kingdom.
- Bangladesh, Belarus, Cyprus, Greece, and Jordan declared the retention of a quantity of antipersonnel mines for research and training purposes but so far have not reported the destruction of any retained mines since entry into force of the Convention for that country.
- 4 States parties so far report acquiring or discovering previously unknown antipersonnel mines for training and research in 2007, including Serbia (increase of 5,507), Bosnia & Herzegovina (212), Canada (increase of 22), and Bulgaria (12).

## ARTICLE 4

**Chart 1: States Parties and the quantity of mines retained for calendar year 2007, compared with quantities initially declared (as of 29 May 2008).**

	Declaration for 2007	Initial Declaration	Reported Consumed in 2007		Declaration for 2007	Initial Declaration	Reported Consumed in 2007
Turkey	15,010	16,000	0	Netherlands	2,516	4,076	0
Bangladesh	12,500	15,000	0	Romania	2,500	4,000	0
Brazil	12,381	17,000	1,169	Germany	2,444	3,006	90
Serbia	11,702	5,000	0	Zambia	2,232	6,691	1,020
Sweden	7,563	13,948	2,967	Denmark	2,008	4,991	0
Greece	7,224	7,224	0	Spain	1,994	10,000	40
Australia	6,998	10,000	135	Canada	1,963	1,781	0
Croatia	6,103	17,500	76	Bosnia & Herzegovina	1,920	2,405	0
Belarus	6,030	7,530	0	Tanzania	1,780	396	322
Sudan	5,000	15,000	0	Cyprus	1,000	1,000	0
Indonesia	-	4,978	-	Ecuador	1,000	170,344	1,001
Venezuela	4,960	2,214	0	Jordan	1,000	1,000	0
Czech Republic	4,699	4,859	0	Latvia	899	2,980	3
Bhutan	-	4,491	-	Portugal	760	3,523	0
Chile	4,153	28,647	331	Mauritania	728	5,728	0
France	4,152	4,539	0	United Kingdom	609	4,437	0
Peru	4,000	9,526	12	Zimbabwe	600	946	100
Yemen	3,760	4,000	60	Colombia	586	986	0
Japan	3,712	15,000	0	Ethiopia	-	303	-
Bulgaria	3,682	10,466	0	Uruguay	260	500	-
Thailand	3,650	15,604	1,603	Ukraine	223	1,950	1,732
Belgium	3,287	5,980	282	Eritrea	100	214	-
Kenya	3,000	3,000	0	Ireland	70	130	5
Slovenia	2,992	7,000	1	Rwanda	65	101	-
Afghanistan	2,680	1,076	0				

**Chart 2: States Parties, who retain mines, have not submitted an annual transparency report for calendar year 2007, which was due by 30 April 2008 (as of 29 May 2008).**

Country	Initial Declaration	Declaration for 2007	Country	Initial Declaration	Declaration for 2007
Algeria	15,030	?	Luxembourg	998	?
Argentina	3,049	?	Mali	2,000	?
Angola	1,460	?	Mozambique	1,427	?
Burundi	1,212	?	Nicaragua	1,921	?
Congo Rep of.	372	?	Slovakia	7,000	?
Djibouti	2,996	?	South Africa	4,830	?
El Salvador	5,408	?	Togo	436	?
Guinea-Bissau	67	?	Tunisia	5,000	?
Honduras	1,050	?	Uganda	2,400	?
Italy	8,000	?			